



CBDT notifies rules for computing FMV of capital assets transferred through slump sale

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Summary

The Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) has notified Income-tax (16th Amendment) Rules 2021¹. A new Rule² has been inserted to provide the method for computing Fair Market Value (FMV) of capital assets transferred as slump sale³.

As per the said rule, FMV of capital assets transferred shall be **higher of FMV1 or FMV2**, where

- FMV1 is the FMV of capital assets transferred by way of slump sale and
- FMV2 is the FMV of consideration received or accruing as a result of transfer of a capital asset.

The FMV determined as per the new rule shall be deemed to the full value of consideration for the purposes of computing capital gains arising out to slump sale.

Background

In case of a slump sale, the consideration recorded in the Business Transfer Agreement was treated as the consideration arising out of slump sale. The Finance Act 2021 amended the provisions to provide that, in case of slump sale, FMV of capital assets calculated in prescribed manner shall be deemed to be the full value of consideration for the purpose of computing capital gains.

¹ Notification 68 of 2021 dated 24 May 2021

² Rule 11UAE of the Income-tax Rules 1962

³ Section 50B of the Income-tax Act,1961 (the Act)

Manner of computing FMV

It has been provided that FMV of capital assets shall be higher of FMV1 or FMV2. Following are the formula for determining FMV1 and FMV2:

FMV 1	FMV2		
A+B+C+D – L	E+F+G+H		
A = Book value of all the assets (other than	E = Value of monetary consideration		
jewellery, artistic work, shares, securities	received or accruing pursuant to transfer		
and immovable property) as appearing in			
the books of accounts of the undertaking or			
the division transferred by way of slump			
sale, as reduced by the following amount			
which relate to such undertaking or the			
division:			
(i) any amount of income tax paid, if any,			
less the amount of income tax refund			
claimed, if any and			
(ii) any amount shown as asset including the			
unamortised amount of deferred			
expenditure which does not represent the			
value of any asset			
B = Price which the jewellery and artistic	F = FMV of non-monetary consideration		
work would fetch if sold in the open market	received or accruing as a result of the		
on the basis of the valuation report obtained	transfer, represented by property ⁴ . FMV of		
from a registered valuer.	the said property to be determined in		
	prescribed manner⁵.		

⁴ Property referred to in Rule 11UA(1) includes jewellery, archaeological collections, drawings, paintings, sculptures or any work of art and shares and securities
⁵ provided in Rule 11UA(1)

C = FMV of shares and securities ⁶	G = Value of the non-monetary consideration
	received or accruing as a result of transfer,
	represented by property other than
	immovable property and other than the
	property referred to in Rule 11UA(1). The value
	would be equal to the price which the
	property would fetch if sold in the open
	market on the basis of the valuation report
	obtained from a registered valuer.
D = Value adopted ⁷ by any government	H = Value adopted ⁸ by any government
authority for the purpose of stamp duty in	authority for the purpose of payment of
respect of immovable property	stamp duty in respect of the immovable
	property in case the non-monetary
	consideration received or accruing as a
	result of the transfer is represented by the
	immovable property.
L= Book value of liabilities as appearing in	
the books of accounts of the undertaking or	
the division transferred by way of slump	
sale, but not including the following which	
relates to such undertaking or division:	
(i) equity paid-up share capital	
(ii) amount set apart for payment of	
dividends on preference shares and	
equity shares where such dividends	

⁶ as determined in the manner provided in Rule 11UA(1)

⁷ or assessed or assessable

⁸ or assessed or assessable

(iv)	any amount representing provision for				
(iv)	any amount representing provision for				
	taxation, other than amount of income-				
	tax paid, if any, less the amount of				
	income-tax claimed as refund, if any, to				
	the extent of the excess over the tax				
	payable with reference to the book				
	profits in accordance with the law				
	applicable thereto				
(v)	any amount representing provisions				
	made for meeting liabilities, other than				
	ascertained liabilities				
(vi)	any amount representing contingent				
	liabilities other than arrears of dividends				
	payable in respect of cumulative				
	preference shares				
	FMV1 = A+B+C+D - L	FMV2 = E+F+G+H			
	Full value of sale consideration u/s 50B = Higher of FMV1 or FMV2				

Our comments

The manner of determining FMV of undertaking or division being sold through the mechanism of slump sale is largely in line with the mechanism provided in the Tax Rules for determination of FMV of shares.

Further, the Rule also provides the formula for determination of the FMV of the consideration for slump sale as well (FMV2), since by virtue of the amendments propounded by the Budget, slump exchange is also now considered as a taxable transfer. Introduction of these rules also puts to rest the controversy regarding manner of computing FMV of land and building transferred as part of an undertaking in a slump sale transaction.

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