



Goods cannot be detained for contravention of provisions by other person in supply chain – Punjab and Haryana HC

16 February 2022



Summary

The Punjab and Haryana High Court (HC) observed that the goods and conveyance in transit were accompanied by the prescribed documents i.e., invoice and e-way bill. Further, there was no allegation that the petitioner had contravened any provisions of the Goods and Services Tax (GST) law with an intent to evade payment of tax. Therefore, the HC held that the action of the Revenue initiating detention and seizure proceedings under the GST law cannot be sustained. The HC further stated there must be a direct nexus between intent to evade tax with the activity of the petitioner. Thus, the HC held that the goods cannot be detained without passing appropriate orders in accordance with law and directed to release the goods.

Facts of the case

- The petitioner¹ had sold copper scrap which was detained by the authorities while in transit, despite carrying the prescribed documents i.e., the invoice and the e-way bill.
- The petitioner received a communication from the authorities, wherein it was stated that one of the petitioner's supplier² was not having inward supply and was only engaged in outward supply without paying any tax. Therefore, the authorities alleged that the petitioner's goods were liable for confiscation and levy of penalty³.
- The petitioner filed present writ⁴ before the HC challenging the detention of goods in spite of availability/production of all the prescribed documents under the law⁵. The petitioner further contended that it cannot be alleged that there was any intention to evade payment of tax, hence proceedings are not sustainable⁶.

Punjab and Haryana HC observations and ruling⁷:

- No discrepancy found: In the present case, the goods and conveyance in transit were accompanied with the prescribed documents i.e., the invoice and the e-way bill⁸. The Revenue had not pointed out any discrepancy in the said documents.
- No intent to evade tax: There is no allegation that the petitioner had contravened any provisions of the law. The allegation of contravention is on the predecessor for not having any inward supply. There is no intention to evade payment of tax on the part of the petitioner.
- Verification of payment of tax by predecessors: The trader cannot be accused of having the intention to evade payment of tax for an act or omission on part of someone not directly linked. It is impossible for traders to ascertain whether input tax has been paid by the predecessors.
- Proceedings cannot be sustained:
 The petitioner can claim input tax credit only if the same has been paid to the government. Therefore, the proceedings

¹ Shiv Enterprises

² Balbir Enterprises

³ Section 130(1) of the CGST Act, 2017

⁴ CWP-18392-2021

⁵ Section 129 of the CGST Act, 2017

⁶ Section 130 of the CGST Act, 2017

⁷ dated 4 February 2022

⁸ Rule 138A of the GST Rules, 2017

under the provisions of the act cannot be sustained and need to be set aside. In a case where the goods in transit are accompanied by the documents, as prescribed, the authorities need not proceed with detention or seizure proceedings. The goods/conveyance cannot be detained without passing appropriate orders in accordance with the law.

 Order for release: In case the authorities find that the action of the person falls within the prescribed criteria, then the authorities have the right to proceed with confiscation proceedings. However, in the present case, no direct nexus could be found between the basis of proceedings and the action of the petitioner. Accordingly, the HC directed the Revenue to release the conveyance and goods.

Our comments

On a similar issue, earlier, the Division Bench of the Punjab and Haryana HC⁹ had held that for the exercise of power at the check-post to be valid, there should be a reasonable nexus with an attempt for evasion.

The present ruling should set precedence in similar cases and act as a barrier for revenue authorities from initiating detention and seizure proceedings in absence of contravention of any provisions by the assessee.

⁹ Xcell Automation

Contact us

To know more, please visit **www.grantthornton.in** or contact any of our offices as mentioned below:

NEW DELHI

National Office, Outer Circle, L 41, Connaught Circus, New Delhi - 110001 T +91 11 4278 7070

NEW DELHI

6th Floor, Worldmark 2, Aerocity, New Delhi - 110037 T +91 11 4952 7400

BENGALURU

5th Floor, 65/2, Block A, Bagmane Tridib, Bagmane Tech Park, CV Raman Nagar, Bengaluru - 560093 T+91 80 4243 0700

CHANDIGARH

B-406A, 4th Floor, L&T Elante Office Building, Industrial Area Phase I, Chandigarh - 160002 T +91 172 4338 000

CHENNAI

9th Floor, A Wing, Prestige Polygon, 471 Anna Salai, Mylapore Division, Teynampet, Chennai – 600035 T +91 44 4294 0000

DEHRADUN

Suite No 2211, 2nd Floor, Building 2000, Michigan Avenue, Doon Express Business Park, Subhash Nagar, Dehradun - 248002 T +91 135 2646 500

GURGAON

21st Floor, DLF Square, Jacaranda Marg, DLF Phase II, Gurgaon - 122002 T +91 124 462 8000

HYDERABAD

7th Floor, Block III, White House, Kundan Bagh, Begumpet, Hyderabad - 500016 T +91 40 6630 8200

косні

6th Floor, Modayil Centre Point, Warriam Road Junction, MG Road Kochi - 682016 T +91 484 406 4541

KOLKATA

10C Hungerford Street, 5th Floor, Kolkata - 700017 T +91 33 4050 8000

MUMBAI

11th Floor, Tower II, One International Center, SB Marg Prabhadevi (W), Mumbai - 400013 T +91 22 6626 2600

MUMBAI

Kaledonia, 1st Floor, C Wing, (Opposite J&J Office), Sahar Road, Andheri East, Mumbai - 400069 T +91 22 6176 7800

NOIDA

Plot No 19A, 2nd Floor, Sector - 16A, Noida - 201301 T +91 120 485 5900

PUNE

3rd Floor, Unit No 309-312, West Wing, Nyati Unitree, Nagar Road, Yerwada Pune - 411006 T +91 20 6744 8800

For more information or for any queries, write to us at gtbharat@in.gt.com



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